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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/644,288	08/20/2003	Paul Diamond	PT100-3	5798
53255 PAUL DIAMO	7590 10/07/200 ND	EXAMINER		
1605 JOHN ST	REET,	POPA, ILEANA		
SUITE 102 FORT LEE, NJ 07024			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1633	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/07/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/644,288	DIAMOND, PAUL		
Examiner	Art Unit		
ILEANA POPA	1633		

	ILEANA POPA	1633	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>18 August 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appetor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, www. with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Anno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	on.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the property of the p	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in beti	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).			
 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. A For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an ex	xplanation of
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-20,25,27,29,30,32 and 36-40</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>1-16,21,23,26,28,</u>	31 and 33-35.		
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	l and/or appellant fail ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	s to provide a).
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation <u>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</u> 	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. ☑ Other: see continuation sheet.	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Joseph T. Woitach/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1633	Ileana Popa		

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The amendments to the claims to recite "conditionally excising" will not be entered because they raise new issues for consideration under 35 U.S.C. 112, first and second paragraphs.

Continuaiton of 13:

Claims 17-20, 25, 27, 29, 30, 32, and 36-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oliver et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,723,765, of record), in view of both Porter (Trends Genet, 1998, 14: 73-79, of record) and Angell et al. (EMBO J, 1997, 76: 3675-3684).

It is noted that Applicant only argues Angell et al. In response to Applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). It is the combination of reference which teaches the claimed. Oliver et al. and Porter teach methods of inactivating pre-selected genes. Although Oliver et al. and Porter teach causing RNA interference to excise the pre-selected DNA sequence from the plant cell genome, they do not specifically teach causing RNA interference to silence the repressor by providing a repressor having a sequence complementary to a strand of a viral double-stranded RNA and infecting the cell with the double-stranded RNA virus (i.e., they teach all claim limitations except silencing by providing a viral double stranded having a sequence complementary to the gene to be inactivated). However, Angell et al. teach such an approach, wherein such an approach is a more reproducible approach for inducing silencing in plants, as opposed to the other methods. Based on these teachings, it would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the method of Oliver et al. and Porter by using the sielcing method of Angell et al. to achieve the predictable result of obtaining reproducible inactivation of preselected genes in plant cells. Therefore, it is the combination of references above, and not Angell alone, which renders the claime dinvention prima facie obvious.